

Diode Current Equation

Elementrix Classes

Diode Current Equation

The diode current equation, commonly known as the Shockley diode equation (after physicist William Shockley) , describes the current-voltage relationship in a semiconductor diode. The equation is given by:

$$I = I_s \left(e^{\frac{V}{nV_T}} - 1 \right)$$

❑ **I - Diode Current:**

Represents the current flowing through the diode.

❑ **I_s - Reverse Saturation Current:**

- I_s is the reverse saturation current, a small current that flows when the diode is reverse-biased.
- It accounts for the minority carriers present in the semiconductor material even when there is no forward bias.
- Its value depends on the diode material and temperature.

❑ **e - Euler's Number:**

- e is a mathematical constant approximately equal to 2.71828.
- It is the base of the natural logarithm and appears in the exponential term of the equation.

❑ **V - Voltage Across the Diode Terminals:**

- V is the voltage applied across the diode terminals.
- In forward bias, V is positive; in reverse bias, V is negative.

❑ **n - Ideality Factor:**

- The ideality factor (n) is a dimensionless parameter reflecting the non-ideal behavior of the diode.
- It typically ranges from 1 to 2. For an ideal diode, n equals 1.
- A higher n value indicates increased non-ideal characteristics.

❑ **V_T - Thermal Voltage:**

- V_T is the thermal voltage, calculated as $\frac{KT}{q}$
- k (Boltzmann constant) $\approx 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$
- q (elementary charge) $\approx 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
- T (temperature) $\approx 273 \text{ K} + 25^\circ \text{C} = 298 \text{ K}$

Example:

An Si diode has $I_s=10\text{nA}$ operating at 25 C. Calculate I_D for a forward bias of 0.6 V.

Solution:

$$I_D = I_S \left(e^{\frac{V_D}{nV_T}} - 1 \right)$$

Given: $I_s = 10 \times 10^{-9} \text{ A}$

$V_D = 0.6 \text{ V}$

$n = 2$

As we know, $V_T = \frac{KT}{q}$ $T = 273 K + 25^\circ C = 298 K$

$$V_T = \frac{1.38 \times 10^{-23} \times 298}{1.6 \times 10^{-19}} = 0.0257 V$$

$$I_D = 10 \times 10^{-9} \left(e^{\frac{0.6}{2 \times 0.0257}} - 1 \right)$$

$$I_D = 1.17 mA$$

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