## Access Specifiers in C++

Elementrix Classes

### **Access Specifiers in C++**

In C++, there are three access specifiers:

- public members are accessible from outside the class
- private members cannot be accessed (or viewed) from outside the class
- □ **protected** members cannot be accessed from outside the class, however, they can be accessed in inherited classes.

#### **Example Program:**

```
1 → #include <iostream>
 2 using namespace std;
 3 r class MyClass {
        int publicVar; // can be accessed from anywhere
        void publicFunc() { // can be accessed from anywhere
 6 ▼
            cout << "This is a public function" << endl;</pre>
    private:
        int privateVar;  // can only be accessed from within the class
10
        void privateFunc() {// can only be accessed from within the class
11 •
12
            cout << "This is a private function" << endl;</pre>
13
    protected:
15
        int protectedVar; // can only be accessed from within the class and its derived classes
        void protectedFunc(){// can only be accessed from within the class and its derived classes
16 •
17
            cout << "This is a protected function" << endl;</pre>
18
```

```
20 r class DerivedClass : public MyClass {
21 public:
        void derivedFunc() {
22 7
23
24
            cout << "Derived function accessing protectedVar: " << protectedVar << endl;</pre>
25
            protectedFunc();
26
27 };
28 - int main() {
29
        MyClass obj;
        obj.publicVar = 10;
30
        obj.publicFunc();
31
32
33
34
35
36
        DerivedClass dObj;
37
38
        dObj.derivedFunc();  // okay: can access protected member from derived class
39
        return 0;
```

#### × Output

This is a public function

Derived function accessing protectedVar: 0

This is a protected function

Process Finished.

# पढ़िए और पढ़ाइये

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